IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claims as follows.

- 1. (original) A high-strength, high-permeability steel sheet for picture tube band having a chemical composition comprising, in mass percent, C:0.003-0.010%, Si:0.5-1.0%, Mn:1.0-2.0%, P:0.04-0.15%, S: not more than 0.02%, AI: not more than 0.030%, N: not more than 0.004% and the balance of Fe and unavoidable impurities, and having a ferrite crystal grain diameter of $10-100~\mu m$ and a yield stress of $300~N/mm^2$ or higher.
- 2. (original) A high-strength, high-permeability steel sheet for picture tube band comprising, in mass percent, C: 0.003-0.010%, Si: 0.5-1.0%, Mn: 1.0-2.0%, P: 0.04-0.15%, S: not more than 0.02%, Al: not more than 0.030%, N: not more than 0.004% and the balance of Fe and unavoidable impurities, having a chemical composition satisfying the following Equation 1, and having a ferrite crystal grain diameter of $10-100~\mu m$ and a yield stress of $300~N/mm^2$ or higher:

$$C \times Mn \times P \ge 2.5 \times 10^{-4} \dots (1)$$
.

- 3. (currently amended) A steel sheet according to claim 1 [[or 2]], wherein the content of C is greater than 0.005% to 0.010%.
- 4. (currently amended) A steel sheet according to any of claims 1 to 3 claim 1, whose specific permeability μ 0.35 in a DC magnetic field of 0.35 Oe is 400 or higher.
- 5. (currently amended) A steel sheet according to any of claims 1 to [[4]] claim 1, further comprising a Zn-system or Al-system plating layer on the surface thereof.

- 6. (currently amended) A method of producing a steel sheet set out in any of elaims 1 to 5 claim 1 characterized in that when production is carried out by, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs,
- (1) a coiling temperature after hot rolling is made 600 700 °C, and
- (2) a "final cold rolling reduction ratio" and a "final annealing temperature" in a range of 750-900 °C are combined in accordance with a recrystallization property of the steel so that the ferrite crystal grain diameter after final annealing becomes 10 100 μ m.
- 7. (currently amended) A method of producing a steel sheet set out in any of claims 1 to 5 claim 1, further comprising:

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs and conducting Z-system or Al-system hot-dip plating inline in the cooling step of the final annealing run, or

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs, conducting Z-system or Al-system hot-dip plating inline in the cooling step of the final annealing run, and thereafter conducting temper rolling of not greater than 1.5%,

in which method,

- (1) a coiling temperature after hot rolling is made 600 700 °C, and
- (2) a "final cold rolling reduction ratio" and a "final annealing temperature" in a range of 750-900 °C are combined in accordance with a recrystallization property of the steel so that the ferrite crystal grain diameter after plating becomes $10-100 \, \mu m$.
- 8. (currently amended) A method of producing a steel sheet set out in of claims 1 to 5 claim 1, further comprising one production process among:

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs and then conducting temper rolling at not greater than 1.5%,

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs and thereafter conducting Zn-system electroplating,

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs, then conducting temper rolling at not greater than 1.5% and thereafter conducting Zn-system electroplating, and

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs, thereafter conducting Zn-system electroplating, and further conducting temper rolling at not greater than 1.5%,

in which method,

- (1) a coiling temperature after hot rolling is made 600 700 °C, and
- (2) a "final cold rolling reduction ratio" and a "final annealing temperature" in a range of 750-900 °C are combined in accordance with a recrystallization property of the steel so that the ferrite crystal grain diameter after plating becomes 10-100 μ m.
- 9. (new) A method of producing a steel sheet set out in claim 2 characterized in that when production is carried out by, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs,
- (1) a coiling temperature after hot rolling is made 600 700 °C, and
- (2) a "final cold rolling reduction ratio" and a "final annealing temperature" in a range of 750-900 °C are combined in accordance with a recrystallization property of the steel so that the ferrite crystal grain diameter after final annealing becomes 10 100 μ m.
- 10. (new) A method of producing a steel sheet set out in claim 2, further comprising:

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs and conducting Z-system or Al-system hot-dip plating inline in the cooling step of the final annealing run, or

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs, conducting Z-system or Al-system hot-dip plating inline in the cooling step of the final annealing run, and thereafter conducting temper rolling of not greater than 1.5%,

in which method.

- (1) a coiling temperature after hot rolling is made 600 700 °C, and
- (2) a "final cold rolling reduction ratio" and a "final annealing temperature" in a range of 750-900 °C are combined in accordance with a recrystallization property of the steel so that the ferrite crystal grain diameter after plating becomes $10-100 \, \mu m$.
- 11. (new) A method of producing a steel sheet set out in claim 2, further comprising one production process among:

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs and then conducting temper rolling at not greater than 1.5%,

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs and thereafter conducting Zn-system electroplating,

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs, then conducting temper rolling at not greater than 1.5% and thereafter conducting Zn-system electroplating, and

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs, thereafter conducting Zn-system electroplating, and further conducting temper rolling at not greater than 1.5%,

in which method.

- (1) a coiling temperature after hot rolling is made 600 700 °C, and
- (2) a "final cold rolling reduction ratio" and a "final annealing temperature" in a range of 750 900 °C are combined in accordance with a recrystallization property of the steel so that the ferrite crystal grain diameter after plating becomes 10 100 µm.